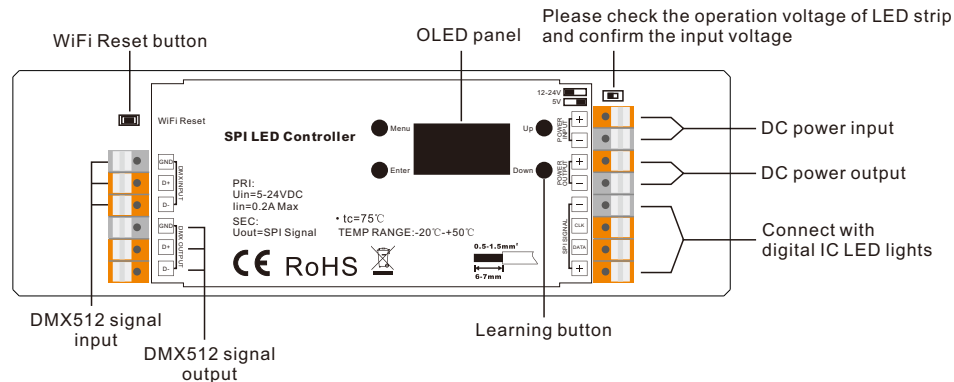




**Important:** Read All Instructions Prior to Installation

## Function introduction



## Product Data

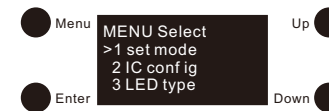
Input Voltage	DC5V/DC12-24V
Input Current	0.2A Max.
Input Signal	RF/WiFi + DMX512
Output Signal	SPI
Radio frequency	869.5/916.5/434MHz
DMX Decoding Channels	512 Channels
Driving Pixels	Max. 1020
Product Dimension	170x53.4x28mm
Working Temperature	-20°C to 50°C
Waterproof Grade	IP20

- SPI signal output for control of RGB/RGBW pixel lights
- DMX512 controllable and RF/WiFi remote controllable
- Capable of addressing up to 1020 pixels at the same time
- Addressing up to 170 RGB pixels or 128 RGBW pixels individually
- The built-in, backlit OLED panel allows for easy configuration of most settings
- Four push buttons available for control of the OLED functions
- Supports 39 types of driving IC
- RGB/RGBW color order configurable
- 512 DMX decoding channels
- Support max. 3060 output channels configurable
- 35 built-in sequencing, chasing, changing and static colors under RF mode
- Compatible with a variety of RGB/RGBW RF remotes
- Works with PC interface DMX consoles and sequencing software

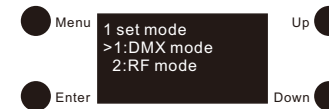
## Safety & Warnings

- DO NOT install the device with power applied.
- DO NOT expose the device to moisture.

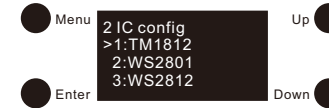
## Function Introduction



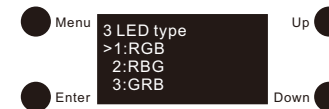
There are four buttons for configuration of settings with the OLED display: "Menu", "Enter", "Up" and "Down". Click "Menu" button to enter the menu selection interface, and keep clicking "Up" and "Down" buttons you will get 5 settings one by one as follows:



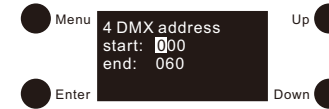
1. Set mode: to select an operation mode, click "Enter" button to enter the configuration interface, then click "Up" and "Down" buttons to choose RF or DMX mode, click "Menu" button to confirm the setting and return to menu selection interface.



2. IC config: to set driving IC type, click "Enter" button to enter the configuration interface, click "Up" and "Down" buttons to choose a IC type that drives your LED lights, click "Menu" button to confirm and return to menu selection interface. Total 38 kinds of driving IC available.



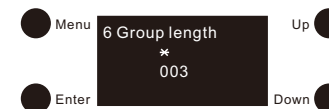
3. LED type: to set RGB/RGBW color order, click "Enter" button to enter the configuration interface, click "Up" and "Down" buttons to choose a color order, click "Menu" button to confirm and return to menu selection interface. Total 7 kinds of color order available.



4. DMX address: to set DMX address under DMX mode, click "Enter" button to enter the configuration interface, the cursor will be on the "hundreds" position of the start address, click "Up" and "Down" buttons to change the number, click "Enter" button to confirm and move the cursor to "tens" position and set, then "units" position, and then the end address, and click "Menu" button to confirm the setting and return to menu selection interface.



5. Output length: to configure total output channels, click "Enter" button to enter the configuration interface, the asterisk is on the "thousands" position, click "Up" and "Down" buttons to change the number, click "Enter" button to confirm and move the asterisk to "hundreds" position and set, then "tens" position and "units" position, and click "Menu" button to confirm and return to menu selection interface. The SPI controller supports max. 3060 output channels.



6. Group length: to divide the total output length of pixels into different groups which will be controlled individually and set the controlled pixel quantity within each group under DMX mode. Click "Enter" button to enter the configuration interface, the asterisk is on the "hundreds" position, click "Up" and "Down" buttons to change the number, click "Enter" button to confirm and move the asterisk to "tens" position and set, then "units" position, and click "Menu" button to confirm and return to menu selection interface.

## Set mode

The controller has two working modes: RF and DMX. Follow the instructions to choose a mode you would like. Under RF mode, it converts RF signal to SPI signal, and shall be paired to a RF remote. Under DMX mode, it converts standard DMX signal to SPI signal, and can be controlled by universal DMX consoles.

### IC config (Setting Pixel Protocol)

This SPI controller works with all common pixel protocols, make sure that the pixel protocol used by your lights is compatible with the controller. See the exact 39 protocol types supported as follows:

- WS2801      • LPD1101      • TM1804H      • TM1829L      • UCS1912      • UCS6912      • APA104
- WS2803      • LPD6803      • TM1809L      • TM1829H      • UCS2903      • P9813      • SK6812
- WS2811L      • LPD8803      • TM1809H      • UCS1903L      • UCS2909L      • D705      • UCS2904
- WS2811H      • LPD8806      • TM1812      • UCS1903H      • UCS2909H      • TLS3001      • XT1506S
- WS2812      • TM1803      • TM1825L      • UCS1909L      • UCS2912      • TLS3002
- WS2813      • TM1804L      • TM1825H      • UCS1909H      • UCS6909      • APA102

### LED type (Setting RGB/RGBW color order)

There are 7 types of RGB/RGBW color order available: RGB, RBG, GRB, GBR, BRG, BGR, RGBW.

### DMX address (Setting start and end address)

Under DMX mode, the DMX start address and end address can be set via buttons. The address can be set from 001-512.

For example, when the start address is set as 001, and end address as 003, then the controller will use 3 decoding channels. When the start address is set as 001, and end address as 004, then the controller will use 4 decoding channels.

When the start address is set as 001, and end address as 512, then the controller will use 512 decoding channels.

### Output length (Setting output channel quantity)

Output length means total output channels or the number of pixels from the start pixel that you would like to address. Each RGB pixel has 3 channels output, and each RGBW pixel has 4 channels output. The controller support max. 3060 output channels.

For example, when the output length is set as 0003, the controller will be capable of addressing 1 RGB pixel, when the output length is set as 0004, the controller will be capable of addressing 1 RGBW pixel.

When the output length is set as 3060, the controller will be capable of addressing 1020 RGB pixels or 765 RGBW pixels.

### Group length (Setting the number of pixels within each Group)

Group length is to divide the total output length of pixels into different groups which will be controlled individually and set the controlled pixel quantity within each group under DMX mode.

For RGB pixels, please set the Group length as multiples of 3, which means the controlled pixel quantity within each group is the multiples, each group will need 3 DMX addresses, please set DMX address range according to the number of groups you would like to divide the total output length to, which means the required DMX channel quantity equals to the number of groups multiplying by 3.

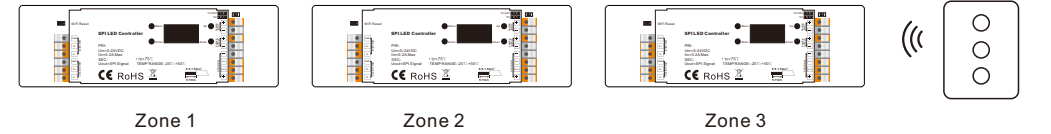
For RGBW pixels, please set the Group length as multiples of 4, which means the controlled pixel quantity within each group is the multiples, each group will need 4 DMX addresses, please set DMX address range according to the number of groups you would like to divide the total output length to, which means the required DMX channel quantity equals to the number of groups multiplying by 4.

### Under RF mode, if you use multiple receivers, you have two choices:

Option 1: have all the receivers in the same zone, like zone 1

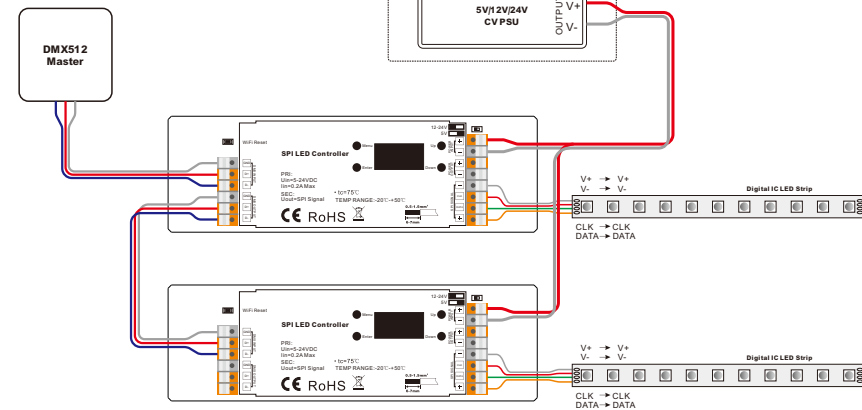


Option 2: have each receiver in a different zone, like zone 1, 2, 3 or 4

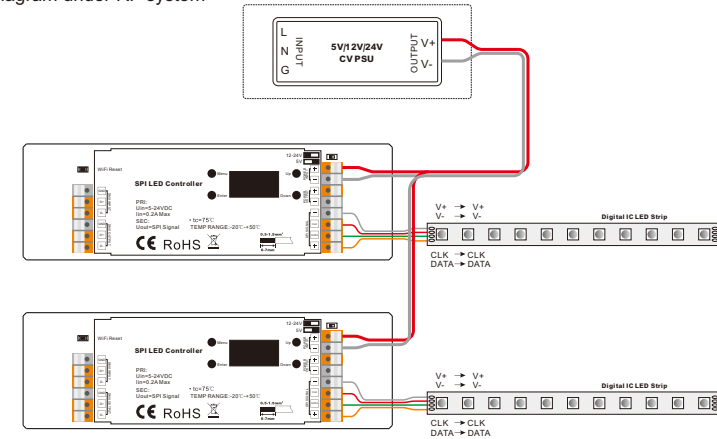


### Wiring Diagram

1) Connection diagram under DMX system



2) Connection diagram under RF system

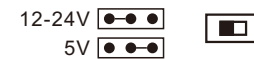


### Operation

#### 1. Power input

5VDC/12-24VDC voltage can be set by a DIP switch

Please set the correct voltage according to the type of LED pixel to be controlled before wiring



#### 2. SPI signal output

+ is Positive voltage output (voltage depends on input)

CLK is the Clock signal (only used with four wire pixels)

Data is the Data signal (used on all pixels)

- is Negative voltage output (voltage depends on input)

## RF Mode

After choosing RF mode and configuration of all settings, click "Menu" button to return to Menu select interface, click it again to show the detailed configuration information.



### 1. Pair to the RF remote

Turn on the RF remote -> Click "Down" button on the SPI controller -> Click any zone button on the remote to select a zone and immediately touch color wheel on the remote -> OLED display of the SPI controller will show "Learning OK" and connected LED lights blink to indicate successful pairing to the zone

### 2. Delete the pairing

Press and hold down "Down" button on the SPI controller until OLED display shows "Learning Delete" and connected LED lights blink, which means the pairing is deleted successfully

### 3. Built-in sequences under RF mode

There are 35 built-in sequencing, chasing, changing and static colors under RF mode, and you can play, pause, speed up or down them with a RF remote after successful pairing.

### 4. Control with a RF remote

Under RF mode, all configured pixels will be addressed by macro mode and can not be addressed individually.

### 5. WiFi Control via APP installed on IOS or Android system

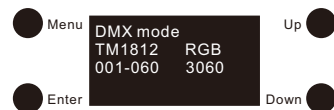
This controller can be WiFi controlled via APP installed on IOS or Android system, please follow the instructions below:

- 1) Search and download "EasyLighting" APP from APP Store or Google Play on your mobile device.
- 2) Wire up the controller correctly according to wiring diagram and power on.
- 3) Search and connect your mobile device WLAN to the controller network "EasyLighting". Password is 0123456789.
- 4) Run "EasyLighting" APP on your mobile device. Please refer to the user manual of "EasyLighting" APP to learn how to pair and control.

**Note: Once configured to your home router, the controller can be controlled via your wireless home network by connecting the mobile device WLAN to your wireless home network. The "WiFi reset" button is used to factory reset the WiFi setting of the controller if you would like to directly control it again via "EasyLighting" network.**

## DMX Mode

After choosing DMX mode and configuration of all settings, click "Menu" button to return to Menu select interface, click it again to show the detailed configuration information.



Under DMX mode, the controller is capable of addressing each pixel individually (3 DMX channels for each RGB pixel, 4 DMX channels for each RGBW pixel) or work with macro mode that allows you to address an entire string of RGB/RGBW pixels with just 3/4 DMX channels.

DMX source device (DMX console) and sequencing software (when not used in RF mode with built in sequences.) are required for control under DMX mode.

## Set DMX Address & Output Length

Each RGB pixel requires 3 DMX decoding channels, and each RGBW pixel requires 4. Please set the DMX address quantity as a multiple of 3 or 4.

For RGB pixels it's best to set the start address number as 001 or 001 plus a multiple of 3 (004, 007, 010...508) and set the end address as a multiple of 3 and greater than the start address (003, 006, 009...510).

For RGBW pixels it's best to set the start address number as 001 or 001 plus a multiple of 4 (005, 009, 013...509) and set the end address as a multiple of 4 and greater than the start address (004, 008, 012...512).

Each RGB pixel has 3 channels output, and each RGBW pixel has 4. Please set the output length (channels) as a multiple of the previously set DMX address quantity.

When addressing each pixel individually, the DMX channels for output channels of each pixel are as follows:

### Addressing up to 170 RGB Pixels individually

DMX Addresses	Pixel No.	Decoding Channel -> Output Channel
001-003	1st	1 -> R, 2 -> G, 3 -> B
004-006	2nd	4 -> R, 5 -> G, 6 -> B
007-009	3rd	7 -> R, 8 -> G, 9 -> B
010-012	4th	10 -> R, 11 -> G, 12 -> B
...	...	...
508-510	170 <sup>th</sup>	508 -> R, 509 -> G, 510 -> B

### Addressing up to 128 RGBW Pixels individually

DMX Addresses	Pixel No.	Decoding Channel -> Output Channel
001-004	1st	1 -> R, 2 -> G, 3 -> B, 4 -> W
005-008	2nd	5 -> R, 6 -> G, 7 -> B, 8 -> W
009-012	3rd	9 -> R, 10 -> G, 11 -> B, 12 -> W
013-016	4th	13 -> R, 14 -> G, 15 -> B, 16 -> W
...	...	...
509-512	128 <sup>th</sup>	509 -> R, 510 -> G, 511 -> B, 512 -> W